# Low-impact camping on private lands

Opportunities and challenges

California Jobs First

September 2025





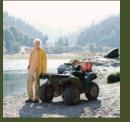




































#### **Introductions**



The outdoor recreation industry, and demand for new places to get outside, is growing in the United States

- In 2023, 168 million participants, more than half the U.S. population, participated in outdoor recreation
- Outdoor recreation generated \$1.1 trillion in economic activity in 2022. That's 2.2% of GDP and nearly 5 million jobs (BEA)



## The volume of campers is affecting the experience and impacting the environment

- 46% of campers indicated they camped less in 2022 due to overcrowding
- 44% changed the way they camped because of the influx of new campers
- 45% say the large number of newcomers impacted the quality of their camping experience



#### Outside

#### **We Need More Campsites**

A shortage of places to camp is hurting the environment and limiting diversity in outdoors. But there are some innovative solutions on the table.

### Low impact camping creates new places to get outside and generates revenue that protects open lands.



















#### What is low-impact camping?













#### Kenney's Ranch



"I'm looking at the future of agriculture in California.

To keep the rangeland rangeland, to keep it from getting gobbled up, to try to be a good steward of the land, camping's an easy way to do it."





#### The problem

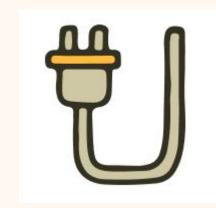
Campground regulations are out of step with new ways of camping... and community goals

#### The problem continued...





Low-impact camping often falls between commercial campgrounds, b&bs, and short term rentals.



#### **Expensive requirements**

Commercial campground regulations are development-heavy and very expensive.



#### State one-size fits all rules

CA requires heavy infrastructure for campgrounds

#### The solution - "low impact camping" and AB 518

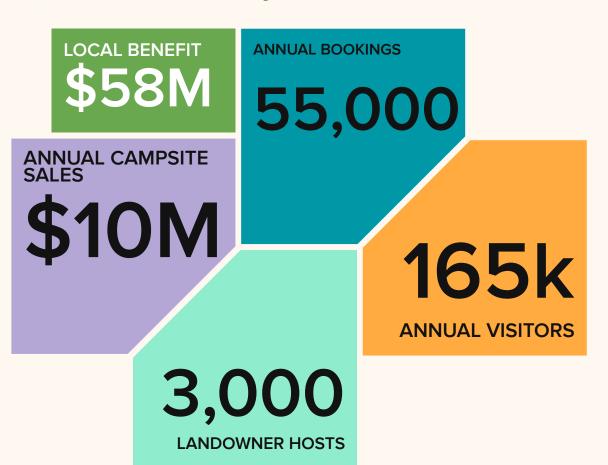


#### New state definition of "low impact camping"

Zoning and land use	Ag, rural, rural residential, recreational zoning and incidental use
Types of camping	Tent, RV, van, alternative structures
Density	<ul><li>1 site per acre density limit</li><li>Max of 9 sites total</li></ul>
Permits	Administrative and low-cost
Taxes	Pay transient occupancy taxes
Bathrooms	Compost toilets, porta potties, septic. Flexibility.
Fire Safety	Must follow all local fire restrictions with dedicated fire pits and safety equipment



#### Why are counties interested in this?



- Economic development
- Sustainable tourism
- Landowner benefit
- Conservation

#### How does this interact with state policies?

1.10. Collaborate with private landowners, and federal, state, regional, and local governments to explore opportunities to expand recreation access on private lands

1.10.1 Through partnerships with private landowners, explore the use of partnership, joint-use, lease, and other access agreements to develop and allow recreation on private lands, including working lands. Identify and share agreement best practices.

1.10.2 Partner with local governments, including county planning departments, to implement simple, clear, and accessible permitting pathways to allow for low-impact camping on private property, particularly agricultural properties and properties that abut public lands.

#### Partnerships and community support

















































































#### Questions?

